

Solving Natural Logarithmic Equations

General Expectations

- Show all steps clearly.
- Give exact answers only (no decimals).
- **Reject any value that makes a logarithm undefined.**

Direct Inverse

1. $\ln x = 11$
2. $\ln(e^{4-x}) = 6$
3. $e^{3x} = 4$

Algebra

4. $\ln(x - 1) = 2$
5. $\ln(3x - 2) = 4$
6. $e^{5-3x} = 4$

Log Laws → Solve

7. $\ln x = \ln 11 + \ln 6 - \ln 3$
8. $\ln(x + 2) = \ln(3x - 4)$
9. $\ln(2x + 1) = \ln(5x - 8)$

Nested / Structure

10. $\ln(\ln x) = 4$
11. $\ln(e^{3x}) = \ln(2e^x)$

Algebra + Logs

12. $\ln(x^2 - 5x + 6) = 0$
Reject any values that make a logarithm undefined
13. $2\ln x = \ln(4x + 5)$
Reject any values that make a logarithm undefined
14. $\ln(x^2 - 3x) = 1$
Reject any values that make a logarithm undefined

Quadratic in $\ln x$

15. $(\ln x)^2 + \ln x = 2$
16. $(\ln x)^2 - 3\ln x + 2 = 0$
17. $(\ln x)^2 + 2\ln x - 3 = 0$

Conceptual Finish

18. $\ln(x(x - 2)) = 1$
Reject any values that make a logarithm undefined
19. $\ln(e^{2x} + e^x) = 3$