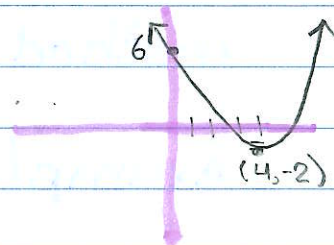


# Sketching Quadratic Functions

Vertex form:  $y = a(x-h)^2 + q$

example:  $y = \frac{1}{2}(x-4)^2 - 2$  vertex:  $(+4, -2)$   
change sign

find y-intercept:  $(x=0) y = \frac{1}{2}(0-4)^2 - 2 = 6$

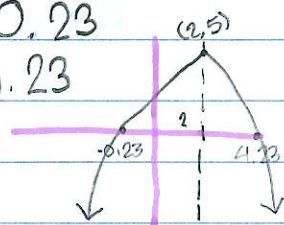


General form:  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

example:  $y = -x^2 + 4x + 1$

use:  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \rightarrow x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{(4)^2 - 4(1)(1)}}{2(-1)}$   $x = -0.23$   
 $x = 4.23$

$\frac{-0.23 + 4.23}{2} = 2$   $f(2) = -(2)^2 + 4(2) + 1 = 5$



Factored Form:  $y = a(x-r_1)(x-r_2)$

$y = -1(x-2)(x+1)$

$x-2=0$   $x+1=0$   $2+(-1)$

$+2+2$   $-1-1$   $2$

$x=2$   $x=-1$   $=0.5$

$f(0.5) = -1(0.5-2)(0.5+1) = 2.25$

